## **KEEPING SAFE AROUND TRUCKS: Aligned to NZ Curriculum Achievement Objectives**

## SCIENCE - MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS - SOCIAL STUDIES - HEALTH and PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Science – Nature o	f Science – Levels One and Two	
Understanding about science	Appreciate that scientists ask questions about our world that lead to investigations and that open-mindedness is important because there may be more than one explanation.	LI: Observe and/or measure a truck (e.g. length (m), height (m), mass (kg)). LI: Describe a truck. LI: Compare and contrast a truck with another vehicle or a pedestrian. LI: Make inferences about a truck. LI: Wonder about a truck (ask questions).
Investigating in science	Extend their experiences and personal explanations of the natural world through exploration, play, asking questions, and discussing simple models.	LI: Explore how trucks move. LI: Ask questions about how trucks move. LI: Explore what truck drivers can see from the cab. LI: Ask questions about what truck drivers can see from the cab. LI: Discuss trucks – how they move and what they can see.
Communicating in science	<ul> <li>Build their language and develop their understandings of the many ways the natural world can be represented.</li> </ul>	LI: Build a glossary of truck words. LI: Represent a truck using different models.
Participating and contributing	<ul> <li>Explore and act on issues and questions that link their science learning to their daily living.</li> </ul>	LI: Make a message about keeping safe around trucks.  Refer to stopping distance or blind spots.
Science – Physical	World – Levels One and Two	
Physical inquiry and physics concepts	<ul> <li>Explore everyday examples of physical phenomena, such as movement, forces, electricity and magnetism, light, sound, waves, and heat.</li> <li>Seek and describe simple patterns in physical phenomena.</li> </ul>	LI: Describe how trucks move (stationary, constant speed, accelerate, decelerate). LI: Explain how trucks move (push and pull forces). LI: Explain why trucks cannot stop quickly. LI: Describe how light helps truckers see. LI: Explain how trucks can block light so it does not get to truckers' eyes. LI: Explain why truckers have blind spots.

Understanding	Levels Three and Four	LI: Identify the energy supply used in
about science	<ul> <li>Appreciate that science is a way of explaining the world and that science knowledge changes over time.</li> <li>Identify ways in which scientists work together and provide evidence to support their ideas.</li> </ul>	different methods of transporting large and heavy goods over land.  LI: Sequence changes in the energy supply used to transport large and heavy goods over land.  LI: Explain why the choice of energy supply has changed over time.  LI: Explain how teams of scientists work together when designing a new truck.
Investigating in science	<ul> <li>Begin to use a range of scientific symbols, conventions, and vocabulary.</li> <li>Engage with a range of science</li> </ul>	LI: Work together to plan and create a vehicle to carry a heavy load from point A to point B.  [Construction materials, load and
	texts and begin to question the purposes for which these texts are constructed.	route supplied]
Communicating in science	<ul> <li>Use their growing science         knowledge when considering         issues of concern to them.</li> <li>Explore various aspects of an issue         and make decisions about possible         actions.</li> </ul>	LI: Build a visual glossary of science words used to describe movement and energy and the science of transport.
Participating and contributing	<ul> <li>Build on prior experiences,         working together to share and         examine their own and others'         knowledge.</li> <li>Ask questions, find evidence,         explore simple models, and carry         out appropriate investigations to         develop simple explanations.</li> </ul>	LI: Research the trucking experiences of locals in your community. LI: Identify a related safety challenge or opportunity in your local community. LI: Make decisions about possible actions to address the safety challenge or opportunity.
Science – Physical	World – Levels Three and Four	
Physical inquiry	Levels Three and Four	LI: Define force.
and physics	<ul> <li>Explore, describe, and represent</li> </ul>	LI: Define weight force (force due to
concepts	patterns and trends for everyday	gravitational pulls of earth –

such as movement, forces, electricity and magnetism, light, sound, waves, and heat.

For example, identify and describe the effect of forces (contact and non-contact) on the motion of objects; identify and describe everyday examples of sources of energy, forms of energy, and energy transformations.

something - kg).

- LI: Define motion.
- **LI: Define** air turbulence.
- LI: Define suction.
- **LI: Describe** states of motion of a truck.
- **LI: Describe** forces acting on a truck.
- LI: Compare and contrast forces acting on a truck with forces acting on a smaller vehicle.
- **LI: Explain** the effect of an unbalanced force on the motion of a truck (change in motion, change in shape and change in direction).
- **LI: Create** a model that mimics one or more forces acting on a truck.
- **LI: Identify** light sources (emitters) and light reflectors.
- LI: Describe the eye and how it works.
- **LI: Describe** the properties of light:
- light travels at very high speeds
- light travels in straight lines.
- LI: Explore light reflection using different surfaces including mirrors flat, concave and convex.
- **LI: Describe** what happens to a beam of light when it is reflected from a surface.
- **LI: Draw** labelled diagrams to explain:
- human sight
- reflection
- shadows.

## **LI: Explore**

- field of view
- blind spots in trucks.
- **LI: Create** a structure using mirrors that will let you see what is behind you.

Mathematics and Statistics – Geometry and Measurement – Level One			
Measurement	<ul> <li>Order and compare objects or events by length, area, volume and capacity, weight (mass), turn (angle), temperature, and time by direct comparison and/or counting whole numbers of units.</li> </ul>	LI: Order vehicles/trucks by length. LI: Order vehicles/trucks by weight. LI: Order vehicles/trucks by number of wheels.	
Shape	<ul><li>Level One</li><li>Sort objects by their appearance.</li></ul>	LI: Sort circular objects and rectangular objects in trucks into two different groups.	
Position and orientation	<ul> <li>Give and follow instructions for movement that involve distances, directions, and half or quarter turns.</li> <li>Describe their position relative to a person or object.</li> </ul>	LI: Play "truck and trailer" in a wide open space. Working in pairs, follow instructions for movement – distance, directions, half and quarter turns.  LI: Describe your position relative to a "truck and trailer unit" or a truck depot.	
Mathematics and Statistics – G	eometry and Measurement – Level	Two	
Measurement	<ul> <li>Create and use appropriate units and devices to measure length, area, volume and capacity, weight (mass), turn (angle), temperature, and time.</li> <li>Partition and/or combine like measures and communicate them, using numbers and units.</li> </ul>	LI: Measure the length of a parked truck. LI: Measure the width of a parked truck. LI: Calculate the area of land taken up by a parked truck. LI: Measure the height of a parked truck. LI: Calculate the volume of air taken up by a parked truck LI: Measure the length of a shipping container. LI: Measure the width of a shipping container. LI: Measure the height of a shipping container. LI: Measure the height of a shipping container. LI: Identify the number of shipping containers a truck can transport. LI: Calculate the total volume of freight the parked truck can	

		transport.
Shape	<ul> <li>Sort objects by their spatial features, with justification.</li> <li>Identify and describe the plane shapes found in objects.</li> </ul>	LI: Sort different types of freight transport (trucks) on the basis of their spatial features. LI: Identify the plane shapes found in different truck and trailer units. LI: Identify the plane shapes found in a truck's blind zones. LI: Describe the plane shapes making up different truck and trailer units. LI: Describe the plane shapes making up a truck's blind zones.
Position and orientation	<ul> <li>Create and use simple maps to show position and direction.</li> <li>Describe different views and pathways from locations on a map.</li> </ul>	LI: Create a simple map to show the position and direction of a truck that regularly transports goods to or waste from the school.  LI: Explain the route taken by the truck to and from the school using the map to support the explanation.  LI: Describe different pathways for and perspectives on the passage of waste from the classrooms and playground to the waste collection area.
Mathematics and Statistics – G	eometry and Measurement – Level	Three
Measurement	<ul> <li>Use linear scales and whole numbers of metric units for length, area, volume and capacity, weight (mass), angle, temperature, and time.</li> <li>Find areas of rectangles and volumes of cuboids by applying multiplication.</li> </ul>	LI: Measure the length of a parked truck using metric units. LI: Measure the width of a parked truck using metric units. LI: Calculate the area of land taken up by a parked truck by applying multiplication. LI: Measure the height of a parked truck using metric units. LI: Calculate the volume of air taken up by a parked truck by applying multiplication. LI: Measure the length of a shipping container using metric units. LI: Measure the width of a shipping container using metric units. LI: Measure the height of a

Shape	Level Three	shipping container using metric units.  LI: Identify the number of shipping containers a truck can transport.  LI: Calculate the total volume of freight the parked truck can transport by applying multiplication.  LI: Represent a truck and trailer
Зпаре	<ul> <li>Classify plane shapes and prisms by their spatial features.</li> <li>Represent objects with drawings and models.</li> </ul>	unit with drawings.  LI: Represent a truck and trailer unit with a model.
Position and orientation	<ul> <li>Use a co-ordinate system         or the language of direction         and distance to specify         locations and describe         paths.</li> </ul>	LI: Use co-ordinates to describe the location of a [waste management collection] site in your school grounds/local community. LI: Use co-ordinates to describe the path taken by [rubbish in a classroom bin] to the local [recycling plant].
Mathematics and Statistics – Ge	ometry and Measurement – Level	Four
Measurement	<ul> <li>Use appropriate scales, devices, and metric units</li> </ul>	LI: Measure the length of a parked truck using appropriate metric units.

Mathematics and Statistics – Geometry and Measurement – Level Four			
Measurement	<ul> <li>Use appropriate scales, devices, and metric units for length, area, volume and capacity, weight (mass), temperature, angle, and time.</li> <li>Convert between metric units, using whole numbers and commonly used decimals.</li> <li>Use side or edge lengths to find the perimeters and areas of rectangles, parallelograms, and triangles and the volumes of cuboids.</li> <li>Interpret and use scales, timetables, and charts.</li> </ul>	LI: Measure the length of a parked truck using appropriate metric units. LI: Measure the width of a parked truck using appropriate metric units. LI: Calculate the perimeter and area of land taken up by a parked truck by using side or edge lengths. LI: Measure the height of a parked truck using appropriate metric units. LI: Calculate the volume of air taken up by a parked truck by using side or edge lengths. LI: Measure the length of a shipping container using appropriate metric units. LI: Measure the width of a shipping container using appropriate metric units. LI: Measure the height of a shipping container using appropriate metric units. LI: Measure the height of a shipping container using	

		appropriate metric units.  LI: Identify the number of shipping containers a truck can transport.  LI: Calculate the total volume of freight the parked truck can transport by using side or edge measurements.
Shape	<ul> <li>Level Four</li> <li>Identify classes of two- and three-dimensional shapes by their geometric properties.</li> <li>Relate three-dimensional models to two-dimensional representations, and vice versa.</li> </ul>	LI: Relate three-dimensional models of truck and trailer units to two-dimensional representations, and vice versa.
Orientation	Communicate and interpret locations and directions, using compass directions, distances, and grid references.	LI: Use compass directions, distances, and grid references to describe the location of a [waste management collection] site in your school grounds or local community. LI: Use compass directions, distances, and grid references to describe the path taken by [rubbish in a classroom bin] to the local [recycling plant].

## Social Studies - Level One Understand that people LI: Describe a role of a truck driver (e.g. school waste have different roles and management). LI: Describe a responsibility of a truck driver (e.g. school waste responsibilities as part of management). their participation in LI: Sequence the actions of a truck driver across a day (e.g. steps groups. involved in school waste management). LI: Compare and contrast the role of a truck driver with the role of a taxi driver. LI: Make a generalisation about roles and responsibilities of the members of a group. **LI: Describe** how people transported goods to market in the past. Understand how the past is **LI: Describe** how people transport goods to market in the present. important to people. LI: Compare and contrast the ways of transporting goods to markets in the past and the present. LI: Explain how past methods of transport are still important to people today. Social Studies – Level Two **LI: Describe** the roles of a truck driver. Understand that people **LI: Describe** the rights of a truck driver. have social, cultural, and **LI: Describe** the responsibilities of a truck driver. economic roles, rights, and LI: Compare and contrast the roles, rights and responsibilities of responsibilities. truck drivers. LI: Make a generalisation about the importance of the roles, rights and responsibilities of truck drivers. LI: Describe the challenges people faced in transporting goods to Understand how time and market in the past. change affect people's lives LI: Describe the challenges people face in transporting goods to market in the present. LI: Compare and contrast the challenges of transporting goods to markets in the past and the present. LI: Explain how time and change (in practice) have affected the lives of the people charged with transporting goods to market. Social Studies - Level Three Understand how people **LI: Describe** one or more resources used in your local community. make decisions about LI: Explain how people can access the resource/s. access to and use of LI: Describe the decisions people make when deciding how to access and use the resource/s. resources. LI: Compare and contrast accessing the resource/s by truck with another method/s of accessing the resources.

decision about the method of access. Social Studies – Level Four Understand how LI: Describe an innovation in the trucking industry. LI: Explain how the innovation in the trucking industry has created exploration and innovation opportunities and challenges for people. create opportunities and LI: Explain how the innovation in the trucking industry has created challenges for people, opportunities and challenges for places in your local community. places, and environments. LI: Explain how the innovation in the trucking industry has created opportunities and challenges for the environment. LI: Make a generalisation about the overall value of the innovation in the trucking industry for people, places and the environment. LI: Define a producer. Understand how producers LI: Define a consumer. and consumers exercise LI: Define rights. their rights and meet their LI: Define responsibilities. responsibilities. LI: Describe a producer's rights and responsibilities. LI: Describe a consumer's rights and responsibilities. LI: Explain how the transport industry (trucks) can help the producer meet their rights and/or responsibilities. LI: Explain how the transport industry (trucks) can help the consumer meet their rights and/or responsibilities. **LI: Make a generalisation** about the role of the transport industry (trucks) in helping the producer and consumer meet their rights and/or responsibilities. LI: Describe a community. Understand how formal LI: Describe an informal group that makes decisions about the and informal groups make transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community. decisions that impact on LI: Describe a formal group that makes decisions about the communities. transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community. **LI: Describe** a decision the formal group made about the transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community. LI: Describe a decision the informal group made about the transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community. LI: Explain the impact of a decision the formal group made about the transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community. LI: Explain the impact of a decision the informal group made about the transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community. LI: Make a generalisation about the impact of decisions informal or formal groups made about the transport system (in the context of trucks) in the community.

LI: Make a generalisation about the appropriateness of the

Health and Physical Education – Level One		
Personal Health and Physical Development A A3 Safety management	<ul> <li>Describe and use safe practices in a range of contexts and identify people who can help.</li> </ul>	LI: Describe a safe practice when sharing the road network with trucks. LI: Demonstrate a safe practice when sharing the road network with trucks.
Healthy Communities and Environments D D2 Community resources	Identify and discuss obvious hazards in their home, school, and local environment and adopt simple safety practices.	LI: Identify obvious hazards in sharing the road network with trucks.
Health and Physical Edu	cation – Level Two	
Personal Health and Physical Development A A3 Safety management	<ul> <li>Identify risk and use safe practices in a range of contexts.</li> </ul>	LI: Identify risks when sharing the road network with trucks. LI: Demonstrate safe practice when sharing the road network with trucks.
Healthy Communities and Environments D D2 Community resources	<ul> <li>Identify and use local community resources and explain how these contribute to a healthy community.</li> </ul>	LI: Identify community resources designed to keep people safe around trucks. LI: Explain how these community resources keep people safe around trucks.
Health and Physical Edu	cation – Level Three	
Personal Health and Physical Development A A3 Safety management	<ul> <li>Identify risks and their causes and describe safe practices to manage these.</li> </ul>	LI: Identify the causes of risks associated with sharing the road network with trucks. LI: Describe safe practices to manage the risks associated with sharing the road network with trucks.
Healthy Communities and Environments D D2 Community resources	<ul> <li>Participate in communal events and describe how such events enhance the well- being of the</li> </ul>	<b>LI: Participate</b> in a community event designed to keep people safe around trucks.

Personal Health and Physical Development A A3 Safety management	<ul> <li>Access and use information to make and action safe choices in a range of contexts.</li> </ul>	LI: Research information on making safe choices around trucks. LI: Make and action safe choices around trucks.
Healthy Communities and Environments D D2 Community resources	• Investigate and/or access a range of community resources that support well-being and evaluate the contribution made by each to the well-being of community members.	LI: Evaluate the effectiveness of a range of community resources designed to keep people safe around trucks.